

hw4

(1) The β function for an $SU(N)$ gauge theory coupled to N_f flavors of fermion in the fundamental representation of the group is given to 2 loops by the expression

$$\frac{d\alpha}{d\ln\mu} = -2\alpha \left(b_1 \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} + b_2 \left(\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \right)^2 + \dots \right)$$

where $\alpha = g^2 / (4\pi)^2$ and

$$b_1 = \frac{1}{3} (11c_A - 2N_f) \quad \text{1 loop}$$

$$b_2 = \frac{1}{3} (34c_A^2 - 2(5c_A + 3c_f)N_f) \quad \text{2 loops}$$

where $c_A =$ quadratic Casimir for adj rep
 $= N$ for $SU(N)$

$c_f =$ quadratic Casimir for fundamental rep
 $= \frac{N^2 - 1}{2N}$ $SU(2)$

a) Derive an expression for $\alpha(\mu)$ for the 1-loop β function (assume $\alpha = \alpha_0$ at $\mu = \mu_0$)
Show that the theory is asymptotically free if $N_f < 11CA/2$

Does this result change at 2 loops?

b) Consider the case $N=2$. Sketch the β function for $N_f=0$ and $N_f \geq 11$

For what values of N_f does the β function develop a zero away from the origin?

c) What is the value of α when this new zero occurs?

Can I trust this calculation?

d) If the β function develops such a new zero describe the theory as $\mu \rightarrow 0$

② Cancel the BRST transformations:

$$Q A_\mu^a = D_\mu^{ab} c^b$$

$$Q c^a = -\frac{1}{2} g f^{abc} c^b c^c$$

When A_μ is the gauge field & c the ghost
show that

$$Q^2 A_\mu^a = 0$$

③ Compute the anomalous dimension

γ_A for A_μ in pure YM theory using the
results for Z_i (in \overline{MS} scheme) derived
in class.

Write down a differential equation
(RG equation) governing the gluon
propagator for $SU(2)$ in terms of

$$\beta(g) \text{ \& } \gamma_A$$